

Insight School List Report

An example of the School List Report is shown in the last pages of this article. The School List Report provides the *Insight* index scores for same-grade students in a school. The name of the school is shown in the top right corner of the report. The left column of the report shows the test date, test level, grade and name of school district. In the sample report, students are ordered by last name, but they may also be ordered according to their Insight General Ability Index, from highest scoring student to lowest scoring student.

The four index scores provided in the School List Report are the *Insight* Ability Score, the Insight General Ability Index, the *Insight* Thinking Index and the *Insight* Memory and Processing Index:

- The *Insight* Ability Score (IAS) is a measure of overall cognitive ability. It is based on a weighted average of the student's scores for all seven *Insight* subtests. If the student did not write all seven subtests, then the IAS cannot be calculated and "NA" will appear in the report where the student would have received a score.
- The *Insight* General Ability Index (gl) is a measure of intentional processing with a restricted range of abilities. It is based on the average of three *Insight* subtest scores: those for Crystallized Knowledge (Gc), Visual Processing (Gv) and Fluid Reasoning (Gf). The gl is sometimes used to identify students who are gifted.
- The *Insight* Thinking Index (ITI) is a measure of intentional cognitive processing when information in short-term memory cannot be processed automatically. It is based on the average of the scores for Visual Processing (Gv), Fluid Reasoning (Gf), Long-Term Memory Retrieval (Glr) and Auditory Processing (Ga).
- The *Insight* Memory and Processing Index (IMPI) is a measure of cognitive efficiency for automatic cognitive functioning involving speed and short-term memory. It represents the capacity of the cognitive system to process information automatically. It is the average of the scores for Short-Term Memory (Gsm) and Processing Speed (Gs).

For each index, three different types of scores are reported. The first is the Standard Score. A student's Standard Score is estimated by comparing the student's index score to the scores attained by a large sample of students from across Canada who were the same age when they wrote *Insight*. For example, if a student was 8 years and 3 months when (s)he wrote *Insight*, his/her *Insight* Ability Score would be compared to the IAS scores attained by the national norm group of students who were also 8 years and 3 months when they wrote *Insight*. Since students in a school are different ages when they write *Insight*, the age-relevant norms to which they are compared will also be different. Therefore, in the sample report, Albert Wilson may be compared to a different norm group from that for Alex Potters.

In the Canadian student population, about 68% of students at a particular age fall in the Standard Score range 85 to 115, so a Standard Score in this range would be considered average. In the student population, about 96% of students at a particular age fall in the Standard Score range 70 to 130. Only about 2% of the population attain Standard Scores lower than 70, and only about 2% of the population attain Standard Scores higher than 130. The value of *Insight* is in the potential to efficiently identify students who are in the bottom 2% and top 2% of the distribution for each of the four index scores.



The other two types of score that appears in the School List Report are the National Percentile Range and the National Stanine Range. A National Percentile is a ranking of the student's score relative to the scores for the national norm group. For example, when a student attains a National Percentile of 98, it means that his/her score is higher than the scores of 98% of the national norm group. A National Stanine is a reduction of the 99 possible National Percentiles to nine ordered categories, ranging from 1–9. The following table shows how National Percentiles are mapped onto National Stanines. As can be seen in the table, National Stanine 1 represents the bottom 4% of the distribution and National Stanine 9 represents the top 4% of the distribution.

Percentile	1-4	5-10	11-22	23-40	41-59	60-77	78-89	90-95	96–99
Stanine	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

A student's score, however, is always estimated with some degree of uncertainty. The magnitude of this uncertainty can be estimated and used to estimate the upper and lower bounds of an interval within which we can be 95% confident the student's "true score" actually lies. For example, when the National Percentile Range for a student's score is 1–5, then we can be 95% sure that the student's "true" National Percentile lies somewhere between 1 and 5. Similarly, the National Stanine Range 1–2 indicates that we can be 95% sure that the student's "true" National Stanine is either 1 or 2. Students whose National Stanine ranges fall on stanine 1 or stanine 9 may require further assessment.





Test Date: Oct 01, 2013

Test Level: 2 Grade: 4

District: WILLOW DSB

Insight measures seven important cognitive abilities that have been associated with learning in school. It also provides screening to recommend students who may require further assessment. It is important to consider the student's day to day functioning in school in conjunction with Insight scores when making decisions about their strengths and needs.

For more information about this report, go to www.canadiantestcentre.com/INSIGHT

simulated data

INV = invalidated PM = pattern marking NA = not attempted



(sorted high to low according to gl)		Insight Ability Score	Insight General Ability Index	Insight Thinking Index	Insight Memory/Processing Index
GORIS DAPHNE	Standard Score National Stanine Range National Percentile Range Exact National Percentile	135 8–9 93–99+ 99	135 7–9 88–99+ 99	135 9 97–99+ 99	111 4–9 32–97 77
JOSEPH BRITTNEY	Standard Score National Stanine Range National Percentile Range Exact National Percentile	131 7–9 87–99+ 98	135 8–9 91–99+ 99	128 7–9 81–99+ 97	114 4–9 34–99 82
WIESE MOSE	Standard Score National Stanine Range National Percentile Range Exact National Percentile	130 7–9 86–99+ 98	135 8–9 91–99+ 99	135 8–9 95–99+ 99	100 3–7 14–86 50
NICOLETTI BARNEY	Standard Score National Stanine Range National Percentile Range Exact National Percentile	131 7–9 87–99+ 98	132 7–9 81–99+ 98	135 8–9 90–99+ 99	119 5–9 47–99+ 90
JARAMILLO ASHA	Standard Score National Stanine Range National Percentile Range Exact National Percentile	116 5–9 58–97 86	120 5–9 55–99+ 91	109 4–8 37–95 73	111 4–9 37–97 77
MIN EARTHA	Standard Score National Stanine Range National Percentile Range Exact National Percentile	113 5–9 50–96 81	120 5–9 50–99+ 91	115 5–9 47–98 84	100 3–7 14–86 50
CELETANO DAWNE	Standard Score National Stanine Range National Percentile Range Exact National Percentile	106 4–7 30–88 66	119 5–9 50–99+ 90	108 4–8 37–93 70	106 4–8 23–93 66
WISNER ETHAN	Standard Score National Stanine Range National Percentile Range Exact National Percentile	113 5–8 47–96 81	113 4–9 34–98 81	111 4–8 39–96 77	99 3–7 13–86 47